

chiatry at Johns Hopkins University and director of the Laboratory of the Sheppard and Enoch Pratt Hospital, Baltimore; lecturer on neurobiology at Princeton University and on psychiatry at Columbia University. From 1926 to 1928 he was consultant on mental hygiene and lecturer on psychiatry at Yale University. He was a trustee of the Carnegie Institution at Washington, a trustee of the Josiah Macy Jr. Foundation, a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, a member of the Eugenics Research Association and its president in 1919, and a member of the American Philosophical Society, the American Neurological Association, the American Medical Association and the County and State Medical Societies.

Dr. Paton was the author of several books, among them the "Text-Book of Psychiatry for Use of Students and Practitioners of Medicine," "Human Behavior," "Signs of Sanity and the Principles of Mental Hygiene," and "Prohibiting Minds."

THOMAS, WILLIAM STURGIS: 1141 Fifth Avenue, New York City; born in Poughkeepsie, New York, October 11, 1871; died in New York City, December 21, 1941; graduated from the Medical Department of the National University, Washington, D. C. in 1892; elected a Fellow of the Academy December 15, 1904.

Dr. Thomas was associated with the St. Luke's Hospital for about forty years and served from 1921 until his retirement in 1940 as consultant in immunology and director of the allergy clinic. He was a diplomate of the American Board of Internal Medicine, a Fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of the Society for the Study of Asthma and Allied Conditions, and a member of the State and County Medical Society.

Dr. Thomas was the author of "Textbook on Asthma" and contributed numerous articles to medical journals on allergy, asthma, and allied subjects.